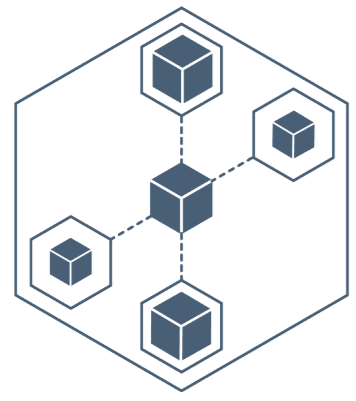


## THE RULES



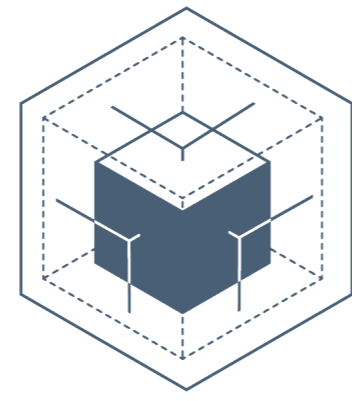
1. DEPLOYABLE



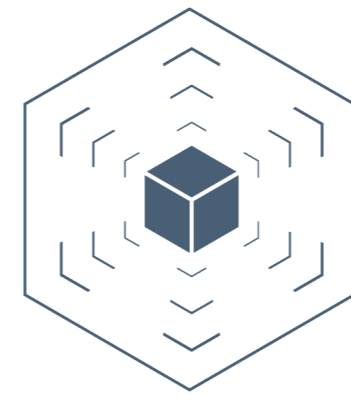
2. CONFIGURABLE



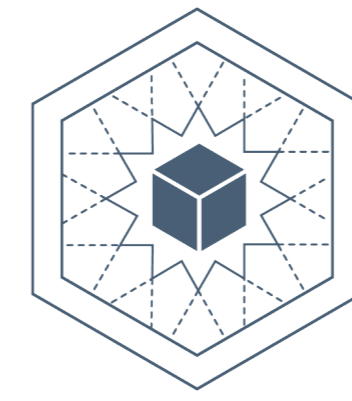
3. COMMON REPEATABLE ELEMENTS



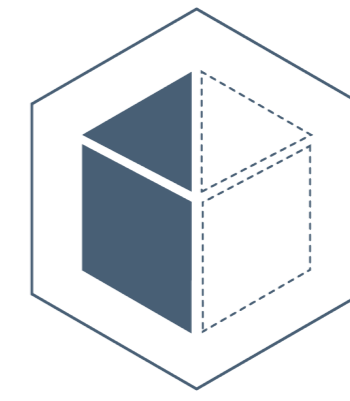
4. INTERFACES



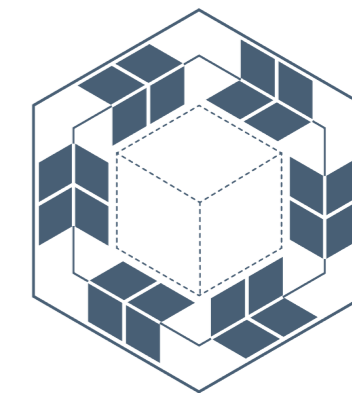
5. OPEN



6. QUALITY

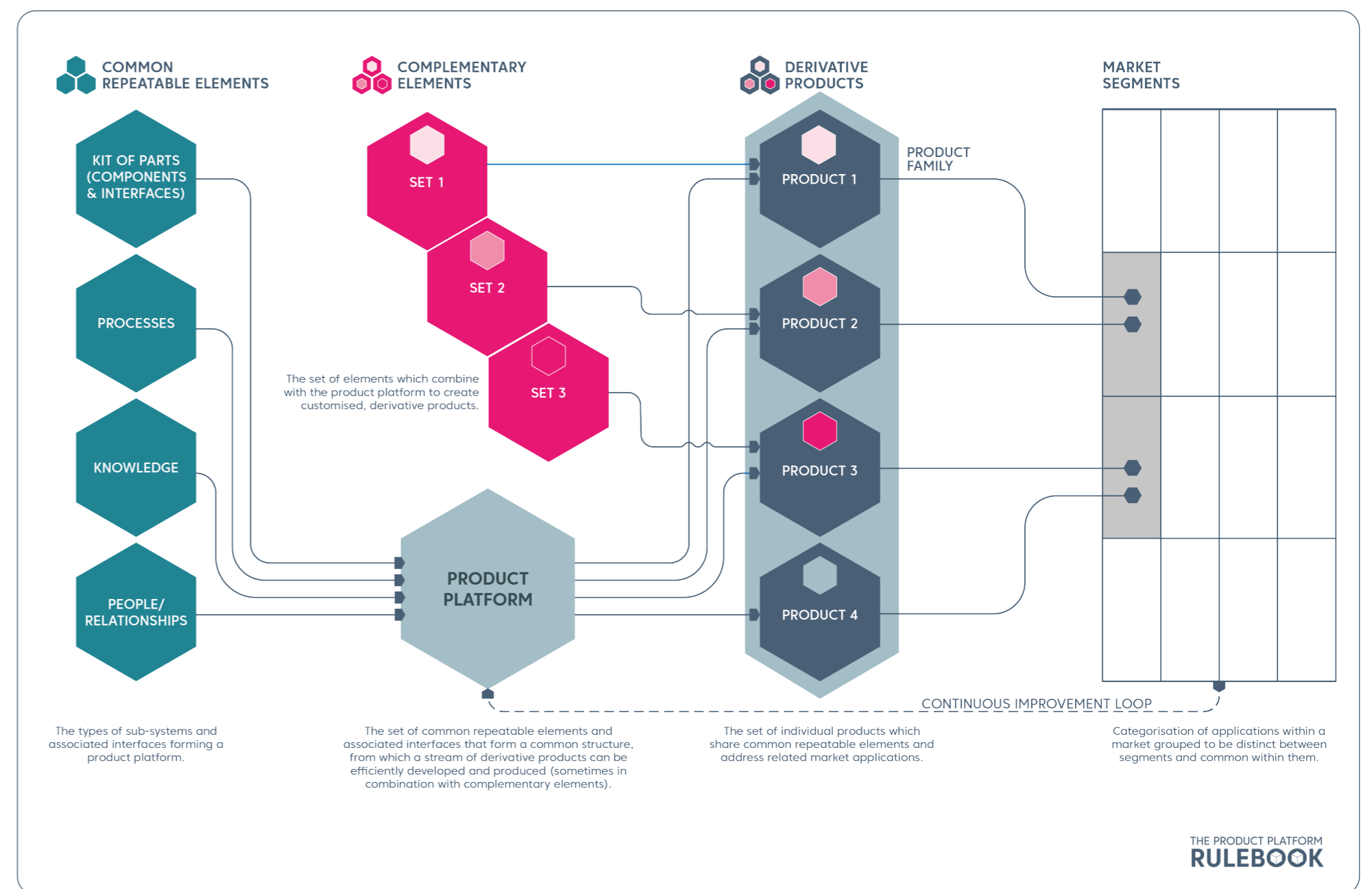
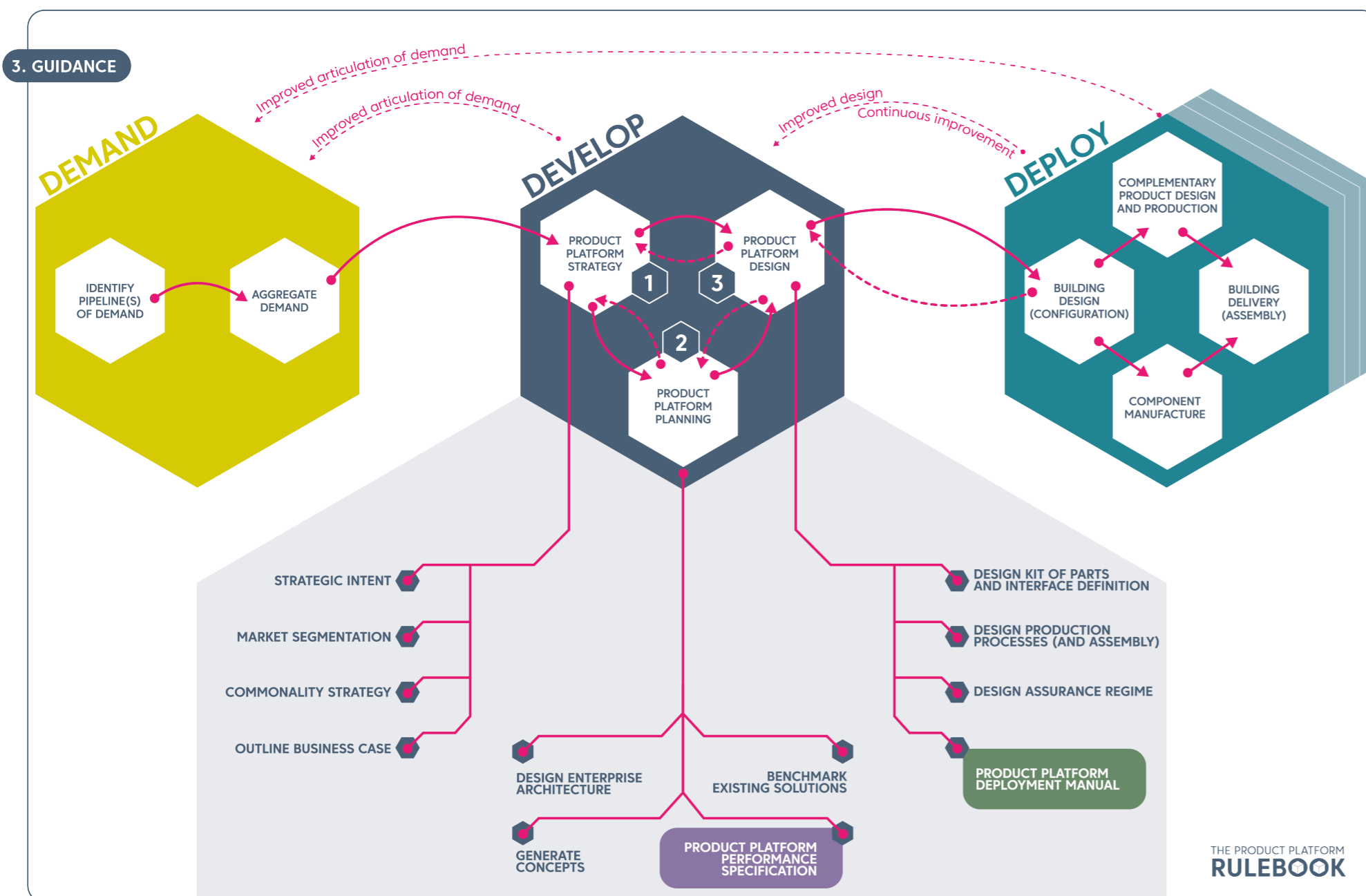


7. STRUCTURED INFORMATION

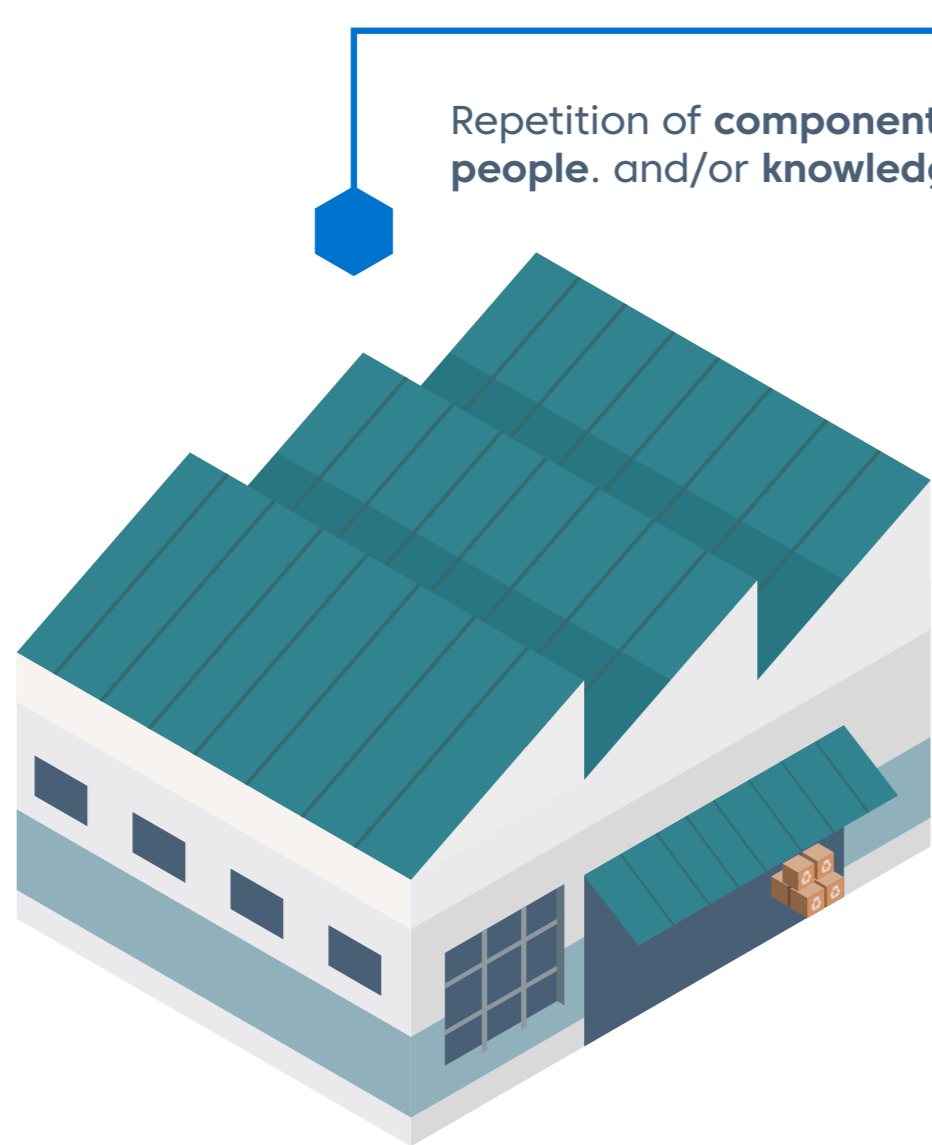


8. CIRCULAR

## THE PRINCIPLES



## PRODUCT PLATFORMS ARE A BALANCING ACT



Repetition of components, processes, people, and/or knowledge.

### REPEATABILITY

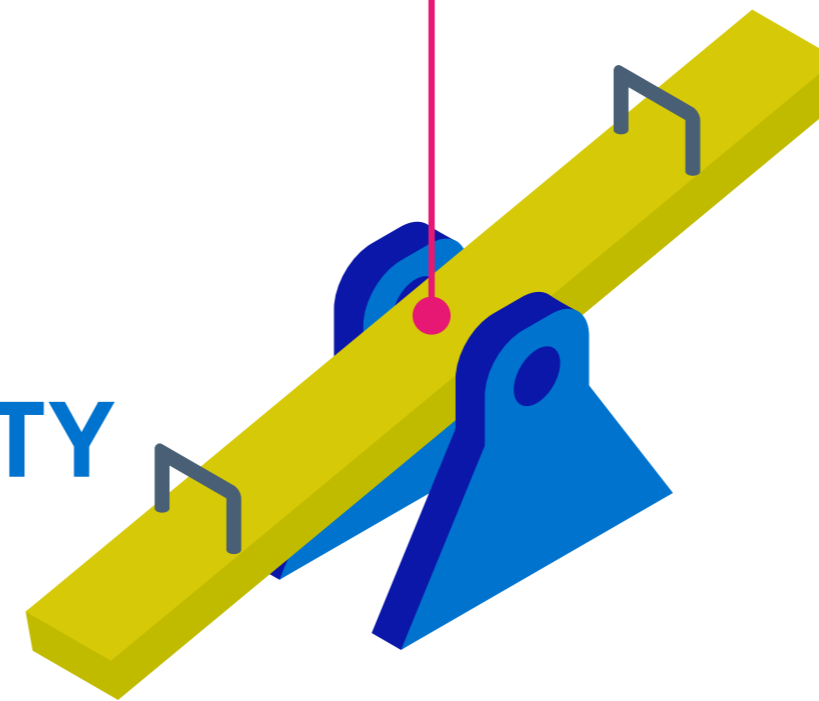
**PRODUCT**

In this context, a Product is an item that is specified, designed and made for a single or multiple customers.

Using bespoke design & build were needed to deliver value for the client

### VARIABILITY

Using Standard Interfaces to enable different configurations of products



## DESIGN FOR MANUFACTURE AND ASSEMBLY (DfMA)

### MANUFACTURED SOLUTIONS

"Manufactured solutions" are produced products in large quantities in factories.

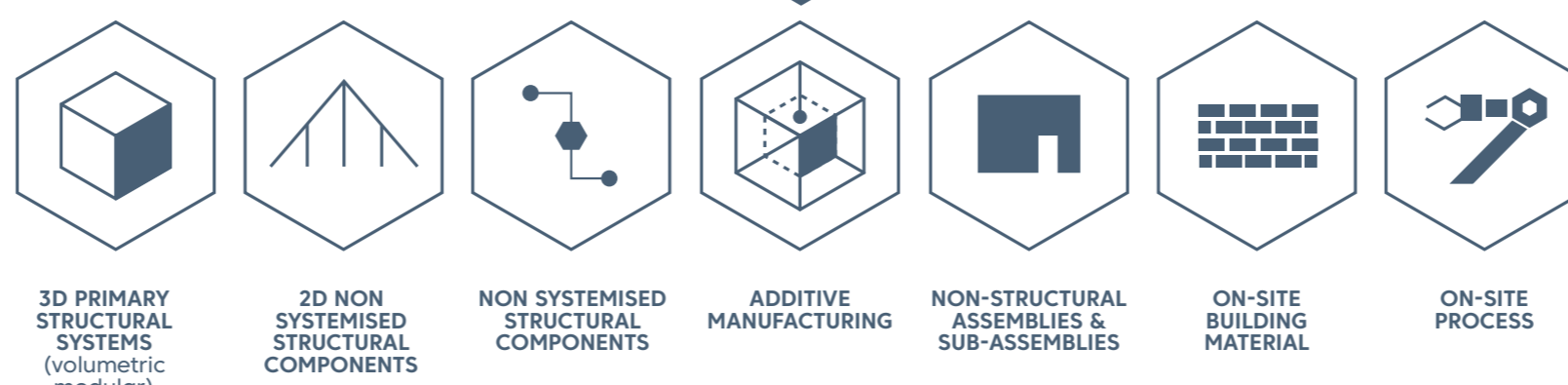
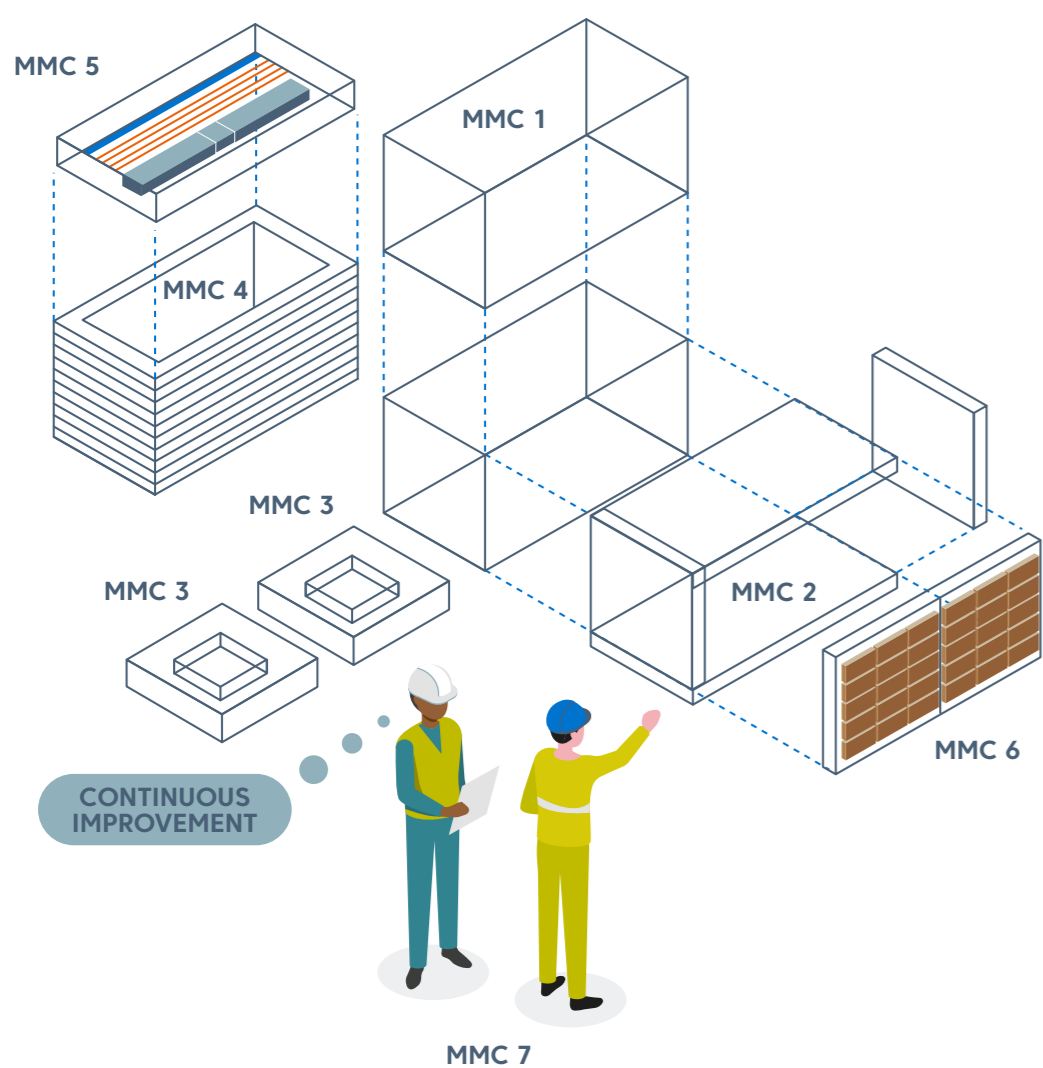
"Repeatability" enables manufactured solutions. Using DfMA increases the Productivity of the solution.

(DOING MORE WITH LESS)

In the construction industry, manufacturing products for the built environment in a factory are classified by Modern Methods of Construction categories (MMC). Categories include onsite and offsite construction solutions.

Utilising manufacturing and assembly knowledge in the design phase to minimise defects. This also means learning from repeatability to continuously improve the solution

### MMC CATEGORIES



### DEFINITIONS

**PRODUCT PLATFORM**  
A kit of parts, associated production processes, and the knowledge, people and relationships required to deliver all or part of construction projects using a platform approach. A product platform provides a stable core which is configured and combined with complementary components (via defined interfaces) to suit a particular project. A product platform also includes the processes, tools and equipment required for assembly.

**DESIGN FOR MANUFACTURE AND ASSEMBLY (DfMA)** is a design approach that focuses on ease of manufacture and efficiency of assembly. By optimising the design of a product it is possible to manufacture and assemble it more efficiently, more quickly, more safely and at a lower cost.

**THE DEFINITION FRAMEWORK IDENTIFIES THE FOLLOWING 7 MMC CATEGORIES:**

- Category 1 – Pre-Manufacturing - 3D primary structural systems
- Category 2 – Pre-Manufacturing - 2D primary structural systems
- Category 3 – Pre-Manufacturing - Non systemised structural components
- Category 4 – Pre-Manufacturing - Additive Manufacturing
- Category 5 – Pre-Manufacturing - Non-structural assemblies and sub-assemblies
- Category 6 – Traditional building product led site labour reduction/productivity improvements
- Category 7 – Site process led labour reduction/productivity improvements

### DfMA PRINCIPLES

